

Program Name: Life Science Education

Assessed by: Jeff Goff, Dept. of Natural Sciences

Date/Cycle of Assessment: Submitted on 12/19/2019; Reporting cycle of January 2018 - December 2018

Mission Statement:

The Malone University Department of Natural Sciences exists to engage students in the study of God's majesty and character by exploring His handiwork as it is revealed in Nature, both animate and inanimate; to promote the wise and thoughtful stewardship of the natural resources He has entrusted to us; and to encourage students to demonstrate God's love in their respective communities by using the knowledge and skills they acquire here.

Program Goals:

- Students should comprehend the central concepts of biology and chemistry, the underlying assumptions of biological knowledge and chemical knowledge, and be able to employ the methods of inquiry commonly utilized by practicing biologists and chemists at a level sufficient for competent teaching at the high school level (Stems from Malone Educ. Goals A4, D1, and D3).
- Students should become proficient in solving biological and chemical problems using both quantitative and qualitative approaches and in analyzing / interpreting data generated by experimental protocols commonly employed by practicing biologists/chemists (Stems from Malone Educ. Goals C3, D4, and D5).
- Students should be able to apply the principles of Christian Stewardship to biological practice and interpret biological and chemical phenomena within a Christian worldview (Stems from Malone Educ. Goals D2, E1, and E5).

MALONE UNIVERSITY ANNUAL ASSESSMENT REPORT (See Appendix for Raw Data and Detailed Analysis)

Department: Natural Sciences **Program:** Life Science Education

Assessed by: Jeffrey M. Goff - Dept. of Natural Sciences

Time Period Covered: *January 2018-December 2018*

Submission Date: 12/19/2019

Program Intended Learning Outcomes (PILO)	Means of Program Assessment & Criteria for Success	Summary of Data Collected	Use of Results
Demonstrate the capability of integrating data and assessing phenomena within a Christian paradigm (Departmental Outcome A).	1) Average cumulative score ≥ 12; minimum cumulative score of 8; no individual component score of 1 on the Faith and Learning Assessment Instrument as scored by the associated rubric.	Average composite score = 15.92; minimum composite score = 10; all individual component scores were 2 or higher.	Average composite score, all individual composite scores, and all individual component scores met the departmental criteria for success. No changes to curriculum deemed necessary.
Demonstrate a comprehension of the central concepts of chemistry including the major theories and laws which govern chemical phenomena (Departmental Outcome B).	1) Mean score no lower than 0.5σ below national mean and no individual score lower than 1.5σ below the national mean on the ACS Gen Chem II Exam when administered as a post-test. 2) Average Cohort score on ACS Gen Chem II Exam should show at least a 70.0% improvement over the average cohort score when used as a pre-test.	1) Mean score on the ACS Gen Chem Exam is 36.07 (-0.16 σ). This year, only one student failed to meet the -1.5 σ criterion with a score of -1.54 σ . 2) Class average on ACS Gen Chem pre-test is 18.30 giving strong evidence of student improvement (97.1% improvement in score from pretest to post-test).	This year, the class average met the -0.5σ criterion and we had only a single individual score that failed to meet the -1.5σ criterion. Although the single individual score is disappointing, it is an improvement over last year when 5 students failed to meet the individual score criterion, and the class average has improved as well. Although several reasons were listed in the appendix in support of the fact that results on this instrument need to be used "with a grain of salt", we are encouraged by the improvement. The improvement over the last 2 years might possibly reflect the introduction of the new, alternative "Zoo Chem" option for Zoo & Wildlife Biology majors. Over the next 2 to 3 years, the efficacy of this curriculum change should become more conclusive. The department has opted to postpone any remedial chemistry course development until this 2 to 3 year time window is complete. The ACS Gen Chem II pretest scores, when compared to the post-test scores, are extremely strong evidence that our students are improving as a result of our freshman chemistry sequence. The department has concluded that whether or not our students enter below the national average, they show significant improvement in content knowledge as a result of this course sequence. STEM readiness scores for this cohort suggest that only 35% of the class was "ready" for Chem 131.

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Demonstrate safe laboratory	Minimum scores of 20, 21, and 24	All 8 students reached the	1) Although two individual element scores missed the minimum
practices and an environmental	must be obtained respectively on	minimum score of 20 on Safety	standard, all composite scores met the standard. The instructor
ethic as it pertains to chemical	3 safety projects completed as a	Project #1. In addition, no	feels strongly that this was due to a lack of time. The extensive
use and disposal (Departmental	component of our Chem 201	individual element score missed	one-on-one time required of the professor/student precluded
Outcome D).	course (Stewardship and Safety in	the standard. On Safety Project	these individuals from repeating a few of the assessments to
	Chemical Practice) and graded via	#2, all students who completed	raise their scores to meet the standard for individual elements.
	associated rubrics. In addition to	the course met the minimum	Rather than fail the students, the instructor opted to allow the
	the composite scores criteria on	composite score criterion of 21,	few sub-par scores with the intention of scheduling additional
	all 3 projects, minimum individual	but one individual element	sessions at the next offering to give each student enough
	element scores have also been	score failed to meet the	opportunities to meet the minimum scores on each project. The
	set.	minimum standard. On Safety	same problem was noted during the Fall 2013 and Fall 2015
		Project #3, all students met the	offerings of the course, so the good intentions of the instructor
		minimum composite score	have not been sufficient to accomplish the desired change. The
		criterion of 24, though 1	department and full faculty recently approved a departmental
		individual element score missed	proposal to add an extra hour to this course. The shortcomings
		the minimum standard.	mentioned above have now, we believe, been sufficiently
			addressed, and no individual element scores are expected to
			miss the minimum standard at the next offering in Fall 2019.
Demonstrate an understanding	1) Mean score no lower than 0.5σ	1) Average Organismal sub-	In light of the successful scores of several recent cohorts on the
of the biological characteristics of	below national mean and no	score is 53.1 (+0.00 <i>σ</i>). No	organismal sub-section of the ETS, the department has opted to
each of the major kingdoms	individual score lower than 1.5 σ	individuals failed to meet the -	not make any programmatic changes at this time based on this
(Departmental Outcome F)	below the national mean on the	1.5 σ criterion.	instrument. Individuals missing the criterion of –1.5σ on other
	ETS biology exam Organismal Sub-		sub-sections or even as composite scores are a concern for us,
	score.		but legitimate reasons for individual students missing the cutoff
			(e.g., illness, test anxiety) do exist. The department is more
			concerned when students who have struggled throughout the
			curriculum at Malone, eventually graduate, but perform poorly
			on the ETS exam. This has occasionally happened, but not
			routinely. Historically, we have indicated that "No changes
			appear warranted at this time", but we have reached the point
			where we believe curricular changes are warranted.
			Departmental action is anticipated in some form by the next
			report (i.e., setting minimum grades for specific courses and/or
			limiting the number of course repeats might prevent this from
			recurring).
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Demonstrate an understanding	1) Mean score no lower than 0.5σ	Average Molecular	The average sub-score has dropped significantly from last year's
of the fundamental concepts of	below national mean and no	Biology/Genetics sub-score is	value and is actually the lowest sub-score recorded for us since
molecular biology and genetics	individual score lower than 1.5 σ	47.5 (-0.40σ). Two individuals	at least 2009. Still, the cohort average meets the departmental
(Departmental Outcome G).	below the national mean on the	failed to meet the –1.50 σ	standard of –0.5σ. Nevertheless, the abnormally low average
	ETS biology exam Molecular	criterion (-1.70σ and -2.30σ).	score coupled with the fact that 2 students failed (badly) to
	Biology and Genetics sub-scores.		meet the -1.5σ criterion have set off alarm bells for us. One of
			the students that missed the individual standard (–2.30 σ) had a
			major GPA (2.31) which barely met the major GPA requirement
			for graduation (2.25) and scored below average in their Genetics
			course. The department has had multiple, at-length
			conversations regarding students who successfully complete the
			curriculum and manage to miss minimum scores on
			standardized tests at graduation. Historically, we have indicated
			that "No changes appear warranted at this time", but we have
			reached the point where we believe curricular changes are
			warranted. Departmental action is anticipated in some form by
			the next report (i.e., setting minimum grades for specific
			courses and/or limiting the number of course repeats might
			prevent this from recurring).
Demonstrate an understanding	1) Mean score no lower than 0.5σ	Average Population	In light of the successful scores of several recent cohorts on the
of the various factors that impact	below national mean and no	Biology/Evolution/Ecology sub-	population biology/evolution/ecology sub-section, the
biological populations	individual score lower than 1.5 σ	score is 52.2 (+0.02 <i>σ</i>). All	department has opted to not make any programmatic changes
(Departmental Outcome H).	below the national mean on the	individuals met the -1.5 σ	at this time. The institutional cohort averages on this section
	ETS biology exam Population	criterion.	are some of the highest and represent strengths of the
	Biology/Evolution/Ecology sub-		department's biology programs.
	score.		

Demonstrate an ability to	1) Mean score no lower than	1) Average Cell Biology sub-	This sub-section of the ETS has historically been our lowest. For
properly relate biological	0.5σ below national mean and no	score is 51.2 (–0.13 σ). No	this reason, a curricular change was proposed and passed by the
structure and function	individual score lower than 1.5σ	individuals failed to meet the –	full faculty that added one credit hour to the introductory Cell
(Departmental Outcome I).	below the national mean on the	1.5 σ criterion.	Biology course effective Fall 2012. This year represents only the
(Departmental Dates in 1).	ETS biology exam Cell Biology sub-	1.50 CHECHOII.	third year that this curricular change would be expected to have
	score.		any bearing on assessment scores of graduating seniors. Several
	score.		years will be required, though, before the results could
			approach statistical significance. Although every student met
			the minimum criteria this year, two students who completed an
			entire Malone biology curriculum missed the criterion of –1.5σ
			last year. These two students had to retake one or more
			courses in order to improve their major GPA to the point that
			they were able to graduate. Historically, we have indicated that
			"No changes appear warranted at this time", but we have
			reached the point where we believe curricular changes are
			warranted. Departmental action is anticipated in some form by
			the next report (i.e., setting minimum grades for specific courses
			and/or limiting the number of course repeats might prevent this
			from recurring).
Demonstrate the capability of	1) Minimum score of 35/60 on	1) All Animal Care Portfolio	Similar comments here as in last year's report. In short, the
working with animals in safe and	an Animal Care Portfolio with no	composite scores met the	apparently onerous nature of this instrument in the eyes of our
ethical ways that conform to	single sub-score lower than 2.	departmental criteria for	students has prompted the faculty to begin discussions about
state and national guidelines		success, and all individual	the future of this instrument. Some lessening in the rigor of this
(Departmental Outcome J).		element scores did as well.	instrument is expected in the future. Suffice it to say that, while
		Minimum score this year was	all minimum standards were met again this year, changes in the
		37/60 and only 9 out of 120	instrument are anticipated.
		sub-scores were 2s (2s are	
		acceptable).	

Demonstrate the capability of analyzing and reporting empirical data from the biological sciences (Departmental Outcome K).	Instrument has been dropped in favor of a newer one that has yet to be developed.	NO DATA	Previous reports have indicated that our department has been having a long and rather continuous conversation about the need to implement a research methods course. This course was developed and approved by the department and full faculty.
,			This course ran for the first time in Fall 2016. The exact nature of the assessment instrument is still in flux, but the department has completed the most difficult step in addressing this shortfall.
			The instructor of this course has indicated that a specific
			instrument designed to address this Program Intended Learning Outcome is possible, and several instruments have been
			deployed within the course. To date, however, a departmental
			assessment addressing K is still in flux. The instrument should be in place with first data collection by Fall 2020.
Demonstrate the level of content mastery required for potential	1) 100% passing scores on appropriate OAE test.	No New Data since we have no new graduates from this	Malone has a long history of 100% pass rates on the Praxis II tests. The fact that one student failed the newer OAE test in
successful performance in	appropriate OAL test.	program	2015, though disappointing, does not warrant any programmatic
secondary science education (Departmental Outcome O).			changes at this time. However, the possibility that the OAE test might be more rigorous than the older Praxis II test is something
(Bepartmental Gateome O).			the department must consider and be proactive about. If
			another student fails this test within the next 3-5 years, the department believes that a much more serious response is in
			order. Incidentally, the student who failed this test retook the
			test and passed it at a later date.