SAMPLE Student Learning Contract (Senior)

The following is a sample student learning contract giving examples of BSW senior level tasks. Please use these examples to assist you in developing a specialized student learning contract relevant to your agency and the student you are supervising.

Competency **Practiced Behaviors Tasks Competency 1: Demonstrate** make ethical decisions by Discuss ethical issues **Ethical and Professional** applying the standards of the involved with specific cases with field instructor **Behavior** NASW Code of Ethics. relevant laws and Social workers understand the regulations, models for value base of the profession and ethical decision-making, Student outlines the ethical its ethical standards, as well as ethical conduct of research. issues on caseload during relevant laws and regulations and additional codes of supervision that may impact practice at the ethics as appropriate to micro, mezzo, and macro levels. context; Social workers understand Discuss student journals frameworks of ethical decisionuse reflection and selfabout ethical dilemmas and making and how to apply regulation to manage tensions that might arise in principles of critical thinking to personal values and maintain practice those frameworks in practice, professionalism in practice research, and policy arenas. situations; Social workers recognize Student dresses within personal values and the demonstrate professional agency standards. Student is distinction between personal and demeanor in behavior: able to write clearly and professional values. They also appearance; and oral, appropriately understand how their personal written, and electronic experiences and affective communication: reactions influence their professional judgment and use technology ethically and behavior. Social workers appropriately to facilitate understand the profession's practice outcomes; and history, its mission, and the roles and responsibilities of the use supervision and profession. Social Workers also consultation to guide understand the role of other professional judgment and professions when engaged in behavior. inter-professional teams. Social workers recognize the importance of life-long learning and are committed to continually updating their skills to ensure they are relevant and effective. Social workers also understand emerging forms of technology and the ethical use of technology in social work practice.

Competency	Practiced Behaviors	Tasks
Competency 2: Engage Diversity and Difference in Practice Social workers understand how diversity and difference characterize and shape the human experience and are critical to the formation of identity. The dimensions of diversity are understood as the intersectionality of multiple factors including but not limited to age, class, color, culture, disability and ability, ethnicity, gender, gender identity and expression, immigration status, marital status, political ideology, race, religion/spirituality, sex, sexual orientation, and tribal sovereign status. Social workers understand that, as a consequence of difference, a person's life experiences may include oppression, poverty, marginalization, and alienation as well as privilege, power, and acclaim. Social workers also understand the forms and mechanisms of oppression and discrimination and recognize the extent to which a culture's structures and values, including social, economic, political, and cultural exclusions, may oppress, marginalize, alienate, or create privilege and power.	 apply and communicate understanding of the importance of diversity and difference in shaping life experiences in practice at the micro, mezzo, and macro levels; present themselves as learners and engage clients and constituencies as experts of their own experiences; and apply self-awareness and self-regulation to manage the influence of personal biases and values in working with diverse clients and constituencies. 	Student is sensitive to and proactively addresses issues of diversity Demonstrate learning about the groups whom the agency serves Discuss self-awareness of their own identity and culture in light of diversity of agency clients and constituents. Practice self-regulation to manage personal biases and values. Discuss process with supervisor. Discuss learning about how diversity affects client population group at the micro, mezzo and macro levels.

Competency	Practiced Behaviors	Tasks
Competency 3: Advance Human Rights and Social, Economic, and Environmental Justice. Social workers understand that every person regardless of position in society has fundamental human rights such as freedom, safety, privacy, an adequate standard of living, health care, and education. Social workers understand the global interconnections of oppression and human rights violations, and are knowledgeable about theories of human need and social justice and strategies to promote social and economic justice and human rights. Social workers understand strategies designed to eliminate oppressive structural barriers to ensure that social goods, rights, and responsibilities are distributed equitably and that civil, political, environmental, economic, social, and cultural human rights are protected.	 apply their understanding of social, economic, and environmental justice to advocate for human rights at the individual and system levels; and engage in practices that advance social, economic, and environmental justice. 	 Take on a mezzo or macro level project for the agency that advances social, economic, and/or environmental justice Identify forms and mechanisms of oppression and discrimination with a particular client group Advocate on behalf of an oppressed group.
Competency 4: Engage in Practice-informed Research and Research-informed Practice. Social workers understand quantitative and qualitative research methods and their respective roles in advancing a science of social work and in evaluating their practice. Social workers know the principles of logic, scientific inquiry, and culturally informed and ethical approaches to building knowledge. Social workers understand that evidence that informs practice derives from multi-disciplinary sources and multiple ways of knowing. They also understand the processes for translating research findings into effective practice.	 use practice experience and theory to inform scientific inquiry and research; apply critical thinking to engage in analysis of quantitative and qualitative research methods and research findings; and use and translate research evidence to inform and improve practice, policy, and service delivery. 	 Read professional journal articles that relate to practice, write application paper and discuss agency relevance with field instructor. Conduct research project (describe here). Create annotated bibliography of evidence-based practice resources

Policy Practice. local, state, and federal level that impacts well-being,	end agency policy
human rights and social justice, as well as social welfare and services, are mediated by policy and its implementation at the federal, state, and local levels. Social workers understand the history and current structures of social policies and services, the role of policy in service delivery, to social services; age product the delivery of and access to social services; age product the delivery of and access to social services; age product the delivery of and access to social services; age product the delivery of and access to social services; age product the delivery of and access to social services; age product the delivery of and access to social services; age product the delivery of and access to social services; age product the delivery of and access to social services; age product the delivery of and access to social services; age product the delivery of and access to social services; age product the delivery of and access to social services; age product the delivery of and access to social services; age product the delivery of and access to social services; age product the delivery of and access to social services; age product the delivery of and access to social services; age product the delivery of and access to social services; age product the delivery of and access to social services;	ecuss laws that affect the ency's practices and ecedures. Induct assessment of cial welfare policies that eact client and agency

Competency	Practiced Behaviors	Tasks
Competency 6: Engage with Individuals, Families, Groups, Organizations, and Communities. Social workers understand that engagement is an ongoing component of the dynamic and interactive process of social work practice with, and on behalf of, diverse individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities. Social workers value the importance of human relationships. Social workers understand theories of human behavior and the social environment, and critically evaluate and apply this knowledge to facilitate engagement with clients and constituencies, including individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities. Social workers understand strategies to engage diverse clients and constituencies to advance practice effectiveness. Social workers understand how their personal experiences and affective reactions may impact their ability to effectively engage with diverse clients and constituencies. Social workers value principles of relationshipbuilding and inter-professional collaboration to facilitate engagement with clients, constituencies, and other professionals as appropriate.	apply knowledge of human behavior and the social environment, person-in-environment, and other multidisciplinary theoretical frameworks to engage with clients and constituencies; and use empathy, reflection, and interpersonal skills to effectively engage diverse clients and constituencies.	 Participate in a client intake interview. Be responsible for a client case load. Conduct community assessment interviews.

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Competency 7: Assess Individuals, Families, Groups, Organizations, and Communities.	collect and organize data, and apply critical thinking to interpret information from clients and constituencies;	Participate in client intake interview and develop interventional goals with a client or client system.
Social workers understand that assessment is an ongoing component of the dynamic and interactive process of social work practice with, and on behalf of, diverse individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities. Social workers understand theories of human behavior and the social environment, and critically evaluate and apply this knowledge in the assessment of diverse clients and constituencies, including individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities. Social workers understand methods of assessment with diverse clients and constituencies to advance practice effectiveness. Social workers recognize the implications of the larger practice context in the assessment process and value the importance of inter-professional collaboration in this process. Social workers understand how their personal experiences and affective reactions may affect their assessment and decision-making.	 apply knowledge of human behavior and the social environment, person-inenvironment, and other multidisciplinary theoretical frameworks in the analysis of assessment data from clients and constituencies; develop mutually agreed-on intervention goals and objectives based on the critical assessment of strengths, needs, and challenges within clients and constituencies; and select appropriate intervention strategies based on the assessment, research knowledge, and values and preferences of clients and constituencies. 	 Do a family genogram and eco map as part of an assessment. Conduct a community needs assessment survey.

Competency	Practiced Behaviors	Tasks
Competency 8: Intervene with Individuals, Families, Groups, Organizations, and Communities Social workers understand that intervention is an ongoing component of the dynamic and interactive process of social work practice with, and on behalf of, diverse individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities. Social workers are knowledgeable about evidence-informed interventions to achieve the goals of clients and constituencies, including individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities. Social workers understand theories of human behavior and the social environment, and critically evaluate and apply this knowledge to effectively intervene with clients and constituencies. Social workers understand methods of identifying, analyzing and implementing evidence-informed interventions to achieve client and constituency goals. Social workers value the importance of interprofessional teamwork and communication in interventions, recognizing that beneficial outcomes may require interdisciplinary, interprofessional, and interorganizational collaboration.	critically choose and implement interventions to achieve practice goals and enhance capacities of clients and constituencies; apply knowledge of human behavior and the social environment, person-inenvironment, and other multidisciplinary theoretical frameworks in interventions with clients and constituencies; use inter-professional collaboration as appropriate to achieve beneficial practice outcomes; negotiate, mediate, and advocate with and on behalf of diverse clients and constituencies; and facilitate effective transitions and endings that advance mutually agreed-on goals.	Attend home visits and discuss assessment and intervention plan with field instructor. Complete an intake assessment and intervention plan for a case. Utilize community needs assessment data to create community intervention. Collaborate with outside agency to achieve goals. Discuss how theory is applied to intervention at the individual, family, group or community level.

Competency	Practiced Behaviors	Tasks
Competency 9: Evaluate Practice with Individuals, Families, Groups, Organizations, and Communities Social workers understand that evaluation is an ongoing component of the dynamic and interactive process of social work practice with, and on behalf of, diverse individuals, families, groups, organizations and communities. Social workers recognize the importance of evaluating processes and outcomes to advance practice, policy, and service delivery effectiveness. Social workers understand theories of human behavior and the social environment, and critically evaluate and apply this knowledge in evaluating outcomes. Social workers understand qualitative and quantitative methods for evaluating outcomes and practice effectiveness.	 select and use appropriate methods for evaluation of outcomes; apply knowledge of human behavior and the social environment, person-inenvironment, and other multidisciplinary theoretical frameworks in the evaluation of outcomes; critically analyze, monitor, and evaluate intervention and program processes and outcomes; and apply evaluation findings to improve practice effectiveness at the micro, mezzo, and macro levels. 	 Do a process recording of a client meeting and discuss/reflect with instructor. Take progress notes of client contacts and discuss strengths and areas for improvement with field instructor. Complete program evaluation.
Malone University Social Work Program Core Competency #10 Appropriately integrate Christian faith with professional social work practice and recognize the importance of spirituality to the human experience.	 Understand the Christian faith's commitment to caring for and empowering poor, disenfranchised, marginalized, and/or oppressed people groups Are able to articulate points of convergence and divergence between orthodox Christianity and the profession of social work Recognize the importance of spirituality to the human experience 	 Discuss how faith applies to field setting Discuss appropriate and inappropriate use of faith and spirituality in field setting Discuss areas of functional and dysfunctional use of spirituality within client systems Articulate and discuss ethical dilemmas that relate to faith and spirituality