

Program Name: Zoo and Wildlife Biology (both tracks assessed)

Assessed by: Jeff Goff, Dept. of Natural Sciences

Date/Cycle of Assessment: Submitted on 1/8/2021; Reporting cycle of January 2019 - December 2019

## **Mission Statement:**

The Malone University Department of Natural Sciences exists to engage students in the study of God's majesty and character by exploring His handiwork as it is revealed in Nature, both animate and inanimate; to promote the wise and thoughtful stewardship of the natural resources He has entrusted to us; and to encourage students to demonstrate God's love in their respective communities by using the knowledge and skills they acquire here.

## **Program Goals:**

- Students should comprehend the central concepts of biology, the underlying assumptions of biological knowledge, and be able to employ the methods of inquiry commonly utilized by practicing biologists at a level sufficient for entrance into graduate school, professional schools, and other biological vocations (Stems from Malone Educ. Goals A4, D1, and D3).
- Students should become proficient in solving biological problems using both quantitative and qualitative approaches and in analyzing / interpreting data generated by experimental protocols commonly employed by practicing biologists (Stems from Malone Educ. Goals C3, D4, and D5).
- Students should be able to apply the principles of Christian Stewardship to biological practice and interpret biological phenomena within a Christian worldview (Stems from Malone Educ. Goals D2, E1, and E5).

## MALONE UNIVERSITY ANNUAL ASSESSMENT REPORT (See Appendix for Raw Data and Detailed Analysis)

**Department:** Natural Sciences

**Program:** Zoo and Wildlife Biology

**Assessed by:** Jeffrey M. Goff - Dept. of Natural Sciences

**Time Period Covered:** January 2019-December 2019

Submission Date: 1/8/2021

Program Intended Learning Outcomes (PILO)	Means of Program Assessment & Criteria for Success	Summary of Data Collected	Use of Results
Demonstrate the capability of integrating data and assessing phenomena within a Christian paradigm (Departmental Outcome A).	<ol> <li>Average cumulative score ≥</li> <li>minimum cumulative score of</li> <li>no individual component score</li> <li>of 1 on the Faith and Learning</li> <li>Assessment Instrument as scored</li> <li>the associated rubric.</li> </ol>	Average composite score = 14.17; minimum composite score = 10; all individual component scores were 2 or higher.	Average composite score, all individual composite scores, and all individual component scores met the departmental criteria for success. No changes to curriculum deemed necessary.  Nevertheless, some changes to the wordings of the prompts are anticipated due to the fact that some student responses indicated a misunderstanding of the prompts.
Demonstrate a comprehension of the central concepts of chemistry including the major theories and laws which govern chemical phenomena (Departmental Outcome B).	1) Mean score no lower than $0.5\sigma$ below national mean and no individual score lower than $1.5\sigma$ below the national mean on the ACS Gen Chem II Exam when administered as a post-test. 2) Average Cohort score on ACS Gen Chem II Exam should show at least a 70.0% improvement over the average cohort score when used as a pre-test.	1) Mean score on the ACS Gen Chem Exam is $33.06$ (- $0.44\sigma$ ). This year, three students failed to meet the - $1.5\sigma$ criterion with scores of - $1.55\sigma$ , - $1.64\sigma$ , and - $1.91\sigma$ . 2) Class average on ACS Gen Chem pre-test is $18.30$ giving strong evidence of student improvement ( $80.7\%$ improvement in score from pre-test to post-test).	This year, the class average met the $-0.5\sigma$ criterion, but we had three individual scores that failed to meet the $-1.5\sigma$ criterion. Although the individual scores are disappointing, the cohort average is higher than 7 cohort averages collected over the last 12 years. Although several reasons were listed in the appendix in support of the fact that results on this instrument need to be used "with a grain of salt", we are encouraged by the improvement. The improvement over the last 2 years might possibly reflect the introduction of the new, alternative "Zoo Chem" option for Zoo & Wildlife Biology majors. Over the next year or 2, the efficacy of this curriculum change should become more conclusive. The department has opted to postpone any remedial chemistry course development until this time window is complete. The ACS Gen Chem II pre-test scores, when compared to the post-test scores, are extremely strong evidence that our students are improving as a result of our freshman chemistry sequence. The department has concluded that whether or not our students enter below the national average, they show significant improvement in content knowledge as a result of this course sequence. STEM readiness scores for this cohort suggest that only 35% of the class was "ready" for Chem 131.

NA	4) A	In Pale State and the state of
		In light of the successful scores of several recent cohorts on the
	` ,	organismal sub-section of the ETS, the department has opted to
	individuals failed to meet the –	not make any programmatic changes at this time based on this
low the national mean on the	$1.5\sigma$ criterion.	instrument. Individuals missing the criterion of –1.5 $\sigma$ on other
S biology exam Organismal Sub-		sub-sections or even as composite scores are a concern for us,
ore.		but legitimate reasons for individual students missing the cutoff
		(e.g., illness, test anxiety) do exist. The institutional cohort
		averages on this section are some of the highest and represent
		strengths of the department's biology programs.
Mean score no lower than	1) Average Molecular	The average sub-score has increased significantly from last
$\sigma$ below national mean and no	Biology/Genetics sub-score is	year's value giving strong evidence that last year's score (lowest
lividual score lower than 1.5 $\sigma$	54.3 (+0.06 $\sigma$ ). One individual	since 2009) was anomalous. This year, the cohort average
low the national mean on the	failed to meet the –1.50 $\sigma$	meets the departmental standard of -0.5 $\sigma$ . Nevertheless, the
S biology exam Molecular	criterion ( $-1.95\sigma$ ).	fact that 1 student failed to meet the −1.5 $\sigma$ criterion is
ology and Genetics sub-scores.	,	unsettling. The department has had multiple, at-length
		conversations regarding students who successfully complete the
		curriculum and manage to miss minimum scores on
		standardized tests at graduation. Last year's report stated that
		"Departmental action is anticipated in some form by the next
		report (i.e., setting minimum grades for specific courses and/or
		limiting the number of course repeats might prevent this from
		recurring)." This has proven to be more difficult than
		anticipated. Although a minimum grade (C–) in Biol 147 is now a
		requirement for admission into Biol 254, this might not
		significantly impact performance in Biol 372 and Biol 375
		content. Further conversation and potential action is likely
		warranted, and the department has agreed to continue this
		conversation.
liv lo	biology exam Organismal Subee.  Mean score no lower than below national mean and no widual score lower than 1.5 $\sigma$ when the national mean on the biology exam Molecular	score is $58.8 \ (+0.50 \ \sigma)$ . No individuals failed to meet the $-1.5 \ \sigma$ with enational mean on the biology exam Organismal Subece.  Mean score no lower than $\sigma$ below national mean and no vidual score lower than $1.5 \ \sigma$ with enational mean on the biology exam Molecular  biology exam Molecular  1) Average Molecular  Biology/Genetics sub-score is $54.3 \ (+0.06 \ \sigma)$ . One individual failed to meet the $-1.50 \ \sigma$ criterion $(-1.95 \ \sigma)$ .

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Demonstrate an understanding	1) Mean score no lower than $0.5\sigma$	Average Population	In light of the successful scores of several recent cohorts on the
of the various factors that impact	below national mean and no	Biology/Evolution/Ecology sub-	population biology/evolution/ecology sub-section, the
biological populations	individual score lower than 1.5 $\sigma$	score is 52.5 (+0.09 <i>σ</i> ). All	department has opted to not make any programmatic changes
(Departmental Outcome H).	below the national mean on the	individuals met the -1.5 $\sigma$	at this time. Individuals missing the criterion of –1.5 $\sigma$ on other
	ETS biology exam Population	criterion.	sub-sections or even as composite scores are a concern for us,
	Biology/Evolution/Ecology sub-		but legitimate reasons for individual students missing the cutoff
	score.		(e.g., illness, test anxiety) do exist. The institutional cohort
			averages on this section are some of the highest and represent
			strengths of the department's biology programs.
Demonstrate an ability to	1) Mean score no lower than $0.5\sigma$	1) Average Cell Biology sub-	This sub-section of the ETS has historically been our lowest and
properly relate biological	below national mean and no	score is 50.9 (–0.12 <i>σ</i> ). Two	this is true again this year. For this reason, a curricular change
structure and function	individual score lower than 1.5 $\sigma$	individuals failed to meet the -	was proposed and passed by the full faculty that added one
(Departmental Outcome I).	below the national mean on the	1.5 $\sigma$ criterion.	credit hour to the introductory Cell Biology course. This year
	ETS biology exam Cell Biology sub-		represents only the third year that this curricular change would
	score.		be expected to have any bearing on assessment scores of
			graduating seniors. Several years will be required, though,
			before the results could approach statistical significance.
			Furthermore, two students who completed an entire Malone
			biology curriculum missed the criterion of $-1.5\sigma$ this year. Last
			year's report stated that "Departmental action is anticipated in
			some form by the next report (i.e., setting minimum grades for
			specific courses and/or limiting the number of course repeats
			might prevent this from recurring)." The department has since
			implemented a minimum grade of C– in Biol 147 as a threshold
			for admission into Biol 254. The department is content, at the
			moment, to see if this implemented change has the desired
			impact on the issue of the occasional poor student completing
			the program.

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Demonstrate the capability of	1) Minimum score of 35/60 on	1) All Animal Care Portfolio	Similar comments here as in reports from last 2 years. In short,
working with animals in safe and	an Animal Care Portfolio with no	composite scores met the	the apparently onerous nature of this instrument in the eyes of
ethical ways that conform to	single sub-score lower than 2.	departmental criteria for	our students has prompted the faculty to begin discussions
state and national guidelines		success, and all individual	about the future of this instrument. Some lessening in the rigor
(Departmental Outcome J).		element scores did as well.	of this instrument is expected in the future. Suffice it to say
		Minimum score this year was	that, while all minimum standards were met again this year,
		43/60 and only 1 out of 108	changes in the instrument are anticipated.
		sub-scores was a 2 (2s are	
		acceptable).	
Demonstrate the capability of	Instrument has been dropped in	NO DATA	Previous reports have indicated that our department has been
analyzing and reporting empirical	favor of a newer one that has yet		having a long and rather continuous conversation about the
data from the biological sciences	to be developed.		need to implement a research methods course. This course was
(Departmental Outcome K).	·		developed and approved by the department and full faculty.
,			This course ran for the first time in Fall 2016. The exact nature
			of the assessment instrument is still in flux, but the department
			has completed the most difficult step in addressing this shortfall.
			The instructor of this course has indicated that a specific
			instrument designed to address this Program Intended Learning
			Outcome is possible, and several instruments have been
			deployed within the course. To date, however, a departmental
			assessment addressing K is still in flux. The instrument should
			be in place with first data collection by Fall 2020.
Demonstrate the level of content	1) Mean score no lower than $0.5\sigma$	1) Average ETS composite	1) As has been the case for several years, the average ETS
mastery required for potential	below national mean and no	score is 155.5 (+0.21 $\sigma$ ). Every	composite score has been meeting the departmental standard.
successful performance in	individual score lower than $1.5\sigma$	student met the $-1.50\sigma$	Occasionally, an individual student fails to meet the minimum
graduate school biology	below the national mean on the	criterion.	score, but this year all students met the standard. Two recent
programs or professional schools		2) Mean score on in-house	changes were implemented in response to this type of shortfall
(Departmental Outcome N).	ETS biology exam composite score.	Biology post-test (50 question)	(minimum of C– in Biol 147 as prereq for Biol 254 and adding an
(Departmental Outcome N).		is 33.65. All individuals	extra hour to Biol 144). No further changes are warranted at
	2) Mean score no lower than		this time.
	31/50 and no individual score	exceeded the minimum score	
	lower than 24/50 on the	of 24 (lowest score was 25).	2) The lowest score of 25 this year on the In-House Biology
	departmental biology Post-Test		post-test is sufficient.
	(A&P questions excluded).		